Chemistry	1140	Exam	Four
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Name

 $R = 0.08206 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm/K} \cdot \text{mol}$

 $N = 6.022 \times 10^{23} / \text{mol}$

All work must be shown to get full credit. Five points will be deducted if a pen is used.

1. (8 points) For a 0.025 M HCl solution, determine each of the following quantities. Calculations need not be shown.

a) [H₃O⁺]

b) pH

c) [OH-]

d) pOH

2. (8 points) For a 0.074 M NaOH solution, determine each of the following quantities. Calculations need not be shown.

a) [H₃O⁺]

b) pH

c) [OH-]

d) pOH

3. (8 points) What volume of 2.00 M CuSO4 should be diluted with water to form 250.0 mL of 0.100 M CuSO4?

4. (12 points) Given the reaction

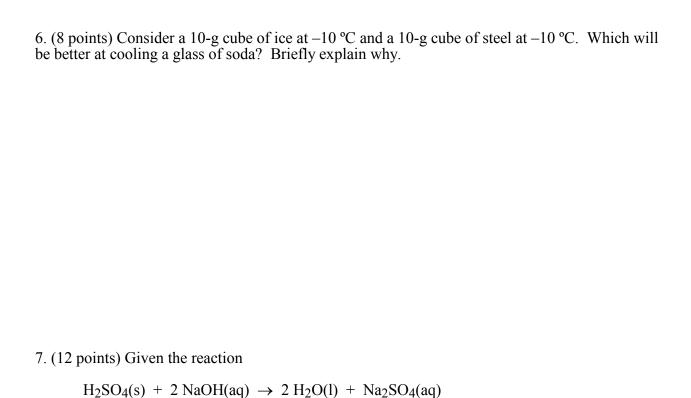
$$2 \text{ FeCl}_3(aq) + 3 \text{ Na}_2\text{CO}_3(aq) \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3(s) + 6 \text{ NaCl}(aq)$$

what mass of iron(III) carbonate would be produced if 545 mL of 0.150 M iron(III) chloride were added to a solution containing excess sodium carbonate?

- 5. (12 points) Calculate the molarity of each solution listed below.
 - a) 4.34 g of Ca(C₂H₃O₂)₂ in 250.0 mL of solution

b) 3.575 g K₂C₂O₄ in 45.7 mL of solution

c) 0.095 g NaOH in 0.5000 L of solution



what is the molarity of the sodium hydroxide solution if 32.58 mL is required to react completely with 25.00 mL of 0.5124 M sulfuric acid?

8. (8 points) Circle the substances that have hydrogen bonding in the pure liquid state.									
HF	NH ₃	CH ₃ F	Н2О	H ₂	H ₂ S	HC1	CH ₄		
9. (8 points) Circle the substances that have dipole-dipole attractions in the pure liquid state.									
HBr	N_2	CH ₃ F	CCl ₄	CO	CH ₄	H_2S	CO_2		
10. (8 points) Ethyl chloride boils at 12 °C. When it is sprayed on the skin, it freezes a small part of the skin and thus serves as a local anesthetic. Briefly explain why it cools the skin.									

11. (8 points) Consider the compounds CF₄ and CCl₄. One is a gas at room temperature and one is a liquid. Which is the liquid? Briefly explain your choice.